## Leger

REPORT

## Canadian Federal Budget

## Methodology



## Method

Online survey
among respondents 18 years of age or older.
(Canadian sample: $n=1,525$ ).
Respondents had the option of completing the survey in English or in French and were randomly recruited using LEO's online panel.


## When

April 12 to
April 14, 2024


## Margin of error

For comparison purposes, a probability sample of this size yields a margin of error no greater than $\pm 2.51 \%$, (19 times out of 20) for the Canadian sample.


Weighting
Results were weighted according to age, gender, mother tongue, region, education and presence of children in the household in order to ensure a representative sample of the Canadian population.

## Leger

## Methodology



## Significant differences

Data in bold red characters indicate a significantly lower proportion than that of other respondents. Conversely, data in bold green characters indicate a significantly higher proportion than that of other respondents.


## Rounded data

The numbers presented have been rounded up. However, the numbers before rounding were used to calculate the sums presented and might therefore not correspond to the manual addition of these numbers.


## Questions

Have questions about the data presented in this report? Please contact Christian Bourque, Executive Vice-President, Eastern Canada at the following e-mail addresses: cbourque@leger360.com

A more detailed methodology is presented in the Appendix.

## Leger

## Methodology

Leger is the polling firm that has presented the most accurate election survey data, on average, over the last ten years in Canada. During the last federal election in 2021, Leger was once again the most accurate firm in the country. This accuracy is attributed to the quality of the LEO panel and rigorous application of methodological rules by Leger's 600 employees, including 200 professionals in Leger's eight offices across Canada (Montreal, Toronto, Quebec City, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver) and in the United States (New York).

Poll aggregator 338Canada.com gave Leger the highest rating among all polling firms in Canada for the accuracy of its studies.
See https://338canada.com/pollster-ratings.htm

| 2021 CANADIAN federal election | \% | K | *NDP | $3$ | PPC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| leger survey <br> Published in Le Journal de Montréal and The National Post/Postmedia September 18, 2021 | 33\% | 32\% | 19\% | 7\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| OFFICIAL RESULTS <br> 2021 Canadian Federal Election* | 33.7\% | 32.6\% | 17.8\% | 7.7\% | 5.0\% | 2.3\% |

## Key Highlights (1/2)

From April 12 to April 15, 2024, we surveyed Canadians to find out their opinions and perceptions on the 2024 Canadian federal budget.

## Some of the key highlights of our survey about the 2024 Canadian federal budget include...

- More than half of Canadians (56\%) believe that the country's economy is headed in the wrong direction. Approximately one-quarter (27\%) feel it is on the right track, while $17 \%$ are unsure. Quebecers (32\%), men (32\%), and young Canadians aged 18-34 (33\%) are more inclined to view the direction of the Canadian economy negatively.
- Compared to last year, six out of ten Canadians (59\%) perceive the economy as weaker, with only $12 \%$ considering it stronger and $23 \%$ seeing no change. Looking ahead to the next six months, $42 \%$ anticipate the economy will weaken further, $17 \%$ expect it to strengthen, and one-third (32\%) foresee no change.
- A majority of Canadians do not agree with positive statements regarding federal policies. Only one in five (19\%) agree that the government's economic strategy will benefit their personal finances. One-third (33\%) believe the government is taking positive steps to grow the Canadian economy and address housing affordability. More than one-third (35\%) agree that the government is pursuing policies focusing on helping middle-class families.

Key Highlights (2/2)

- Regarding budget measures already announced by the government, the launch of the \$6 billion Canada Housing Infrastructure Fund receives the most support from Canadians, with threequarters $(73 \%)$ in favour. The least popular measure is the announcement of investments in artificial intelligence capacity, supported by only $35 \%$ of Canadians.
- Only one-quarter of Canadians are confident that investments in housing affordability will significantly reduce the costs of renting (27\%) or buying (24\%) homes in Canada.
- Two-thirds of Canadians ( $66 \%$ ) would prefer the government to make cuts elsewhere rather than run a larger deficit (26\%) or raise taxes (8\%) to cover announced spending for the upcoming budget.
- If the government were to increase taxes, three-quarters of Canadians would support a new tax on personal wealth over $\$ 10$ million ( $78 \%$ ) and a tax on very large company profits ( $75 \%$ ). Increases in the Goods and Services Tax (GST) (12\%) and personal income taxes ( $10 \%$ ) receive the least support.



## Perspectives on Canada's Direction

Q1. Some people say that Canada is generally headed in the right direction. Other people say that there are more things in Canada headed in the wrong direction. Which of those two statements is closer to your own opinion?
Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )


|  | Total Canada | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55+ | Urban | Sub- <br> Urban | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 103 | 352 | 590 | 98 | 170 | 212 | 744 | 781 | 407 | 491 | 628 | 577 | 637 | 301 |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 100 | 419 | 601 | 125 | 126 | 154 | 757 | 768 | 371 | 532 | 622 | 613 | 609 | 294 |
| Right direction | 27\% | 21\% | 32\% | 27\% | 23\% | 21\% | 31\% | 32\% | 23\% | 33\% | 24\% | 26\% | 29\% | 28\% | 22\% |
| Wrong direction | 56\% | 64\% | 48\% | 56\% | 63\% | 66\% | 54\% | 57\% | 56\% | 51\% | 59\% | 58\% | 52\% | 56\% | 66\% |
| Don't know/Prefer not to answer | 17\% | 16\% | 21\% | 17\% | 14\% | 13\% | 15\% | 12\% | 22\% | 17\% | 18\% | 16\% | 20\% | 16\% | 12\% |

## Assessment of the Canadian Economy

Q2. Compared to this time last year in 2023, do you think the Canadian economy is stronger, weaker, or no change? Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )


|  | Total <br> Canada | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 - 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 +}$ | Urban | Sub- <br> Urban | Rural |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Economic Outlook for the Next Six Months

Q3. Over the next six months, do you think the Canadian economy will be stronger, weaker or will there be no change?
Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )


|  | Total Canada | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55+ | Urban | SubUrban | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 103 | 352 | 590 | 98 | 170 | 212 | 744 | 781 | 407 | 491 | 628 | 577 | 637 | 301 |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 100 | 419 | 601 | 125 | 126 | 154 | 757 | 768 | 371 | 532 | 622 | 613 | 609 | 294 |
| Stronger | 17\% | 12\% | 18\% | 19\% | 18\% | 11\% | 18\% | 22\% | 13\% | 20\% | 15\% | 17\% | 19\% | 17\% | 16\% |
| Weaker | 42\% | 51\% | 35\% | 41\% | 47\% | 48\% | 42\% | 43\% | 40\% | 45\% | 46\% | 36\% | 38\% | 43\% | 47\% |
| No change | 32\% | 29\% | 38\% | 30\% | 24\% | 32\% | 34\% | 27\% | 37\% | 23\% | 32\% | 38\% | 34\% | 33\% | 27\% |
| Don't know/Prefer not to answer | 9\% | 8\% | 10\% | 10\% | 11\% | 9\% | 6\% | 8\% | 10\% | 12\% | 7\% | 9\% | 10\% | 8\% | 11\% |

## Public Opinion on Federal Policies (1/2)

Q4. For each of the following statements please indicate whether you agree or disagree with them. Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )


## Public Opinion on Federal Policies (2/2)

Q4. For each of the following statements please indicate whether you agree or disagree with them. Base: All respondents

| \% Total <br> Agree Presented | Total Canada | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55+ | Urban | SubUrban | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 103 | 352 | 590 | 98 | 170 | 212 | 744 | 781 | 407 | 491 | 628 | 577 | 637 | 301 |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 100 | 419 | 601 | 125 | 126 | 154 | 757 | 768 | 371 | 532 | 622 | 613 | 609 | 294 |
| The federal government is pursuing policies that focus on helping middle class families | 35\% | 25\% | 44\% | 32\% | 30\% | 30\% | 39\% | 38\% | 31\% | 38\% | 32\% | 35\% | 37\% | 36\% | 29\% |
| The federal government is taking positive steps to grow the Canadian economy | 33\% | 26\% | 37\% | 34\% | 34\% | 24\% | 37\% | 35\% | 32\% | 35\% | 31\% | 35\% | 36\% | 33\% | 28\% |
| The federal government is taking positive steps to address housing affordability | 33\% | 31\% | 36\% | 35\% | 32\% | 24\% | 33\% | 36\% | 30\% | 32\% | 29\% | 37\% | 38\% | 31\% | 29\% |
| The federal government's economic plan will benefit my personal finances | 19\% | 13\% | 18\% | 21\% | 16\% | 14\% | 22\% | 22\% | 15\% | 27\% | 16\% | 15\% | 20\% | 20\% | 14\% |

## Support for Federal Spending Initiatives (1/2)

Q5. Over the past several weeks the federal government has made a series of spending announcements in advance of the upcoming budget release. These initiatives are listed in the table below. For each, please indicate whether you support or oppose the measure.
Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )
The launch of the $\$ 6$ billion Canada Housing Infrastructure Fund to support infrastructure required for new housing \% Total support Presented
 such as water and wastewater services.

A new National School Food Program consisting of $\$ 1$ billion over five years with the target of providing meals to 400,000
 more kids every year


## Support for Federal Spending Initiatives (2/2)

Q5. Over the past several weeks the federal government has made a series of spending announcements in advance of the upcoming budget release. These initiatives are listed in the table below. For each, please indicate whether you support or oppose the measure.
Base: All respondents

| \% Total <br> Support Presented | Total | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55+ | Urban | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Urban } \end{aligned}$ | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 103 | 352 | 590 | 98 | 170 | 212 | 744 | 781 | 407 | 491 | 628 | 577 | 637 | 301 |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 100 | 419 | 601 | 125 | 126 | 154 | 757 | 768 | 371 | 532 | 622 | 613 | 609 | 294 |
| The launch of the $\$ 6$ billion Canada Housing Infrastructure Fund to support infrastructure required for new housing such as water and wastewater services. | 73\% | 75\% | 74\% | 74\% | 66\% | 68\% | 76\% | 73\% | 74\% | 69\% | 69\% | 79\% | 72\% | 76\% | 70\% |
| A new National School Food Program consisting of $\$ 1$ billion over five years with the target of providing meals to 400,000 more kids every year | 71\% | 67\% | 73\% | 72\% | 59\% | 75\% | 70\% | 68\% | 74\% | 73\% | 73\% | 69\% | 72\% | 72\% | 66\% |
| An additional $\$ 15$ billion into the Apartment Construction Loan Program to increase rental unit construction | 67\% | 69\% | 74\% | 66\% | 59\% | 58\% | 68\% | 68\% | 66\% | 63\% | 61\% | 74\% | 70\% | 66\% | 63\% |
| $\$ 8.1$ billion new spending on the Canadian armed forces over the next 5 years | 60\% | 68\% | 57\% | 60\% | 65\% | 62\% | 57\% | 66\% | 54\% | 41\% | 56\% | 76\% | 62\% | 56\% | 65\% |
| Providing $\$ 2.4$ billion to build capacity in artificial intelligence | 35\% | 24\% | 37\% | 36\% | 31\% | 40\% | 29\% | 40\% | 29\% | 34\% | 32\% | 37\% | 41\% | 32\% | 28\% |

## Confidence in Federal Actions for Housing Affordability

Q6. The Government of Canada has invested billions of dollars in efforts to make buying or renting a home more affordable. How confident are you the actions by the federal government will result in more affordable housing-either to buy or rent-over the next 2 to 3 years?
Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )


| \% Total Confident Presented | Total <br> Canada | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | $35-54$ | $55+$ | Urban | Sub- <br> Urban | Rural |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Preferences for Managing New Government Spending

Q7. The government of Canada has already announced new spending ahead of this year's budget. The government will have the choice of offsetting these new spending items either by making cuts somewhere else, running a larger deficit or increase revenue (taxes). Which of these three choices would you prefer?
Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )


|  | Total <br> Canada | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | $\mathbf{1 8 - 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 - 5 4}$ | 55+ | Urban | Sub- <br> Urban | Rural |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Support for Tax Increase Measures (1/2)

Q8. If the government elects to increase its revenue (taxes), which of these would you support or oppose? Base: All respondents ( $n=1,525$ )


## Support for Tax Increase Measures (2/2)

Q8. If the government elects to increase its revenue (taxes), which of these would you support or oppose?
Base: All respondents

| \% Total <br> Support Presented | Total Canada | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | Male | Female | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55+ | Urban | SubUrban | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 103 | 352 | 590 | 98 | 170 | 212 | 744 | 781 | 407 | 491 | 628 | 577 | 637 | 301 |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,525 | 100 | 419 | 601 | 125 | 126 | 154 | 757 | 768 | 371 | 532 | 622 | 613 | 609 | 294 |
| A new tax on personal wealth over $\$ 10$ million | 78\% | 82\% | 77\% | 76\% | 70\% | 79\% | 83\% | 76\% | 80\% | 70\% | 79\% | 81\% | 77\% | 79\% | 76\% |
| A new tax on very large company profits | 75\% | 79\% | 76\% | 76\% | 66\% | 73\% | 75\% | 71\% | 79\% | 68\% | 74\% | 80\% | 76\% | 75\% | 73\% |
| An increase to corporate/business taxes | 62\% | 71\% | 67\% | 64\% | 54\% | 53\% | 56\% | 60\% | 64\% | 56\% | 62\% | 66\% | 66\% | 61\% | 55\% |
| A new inheritance tax for individuals who inherit over a certain amount | 29\% | 35\% | 22\% | 30\% | 34\% | 27\% | 35\% | 31\% | 27\% | 29\% | 31\% | 27\% | 34\% | 26\% | 25\% |
| An increase to the GST | 12\% | 18\% | 12\% | 13\% | 21\% | 10\% | 7\% | 14\% | 11\% | 15\% | 10\% | 12\% | 14\% | 11\% | 11\% |
| Increase in personal income taxes | 10\% | 10\% | 10\% | 11\% | 12\% | 7\% | 9\% | 13\% | 7\% | 11\% | 10\% | 10\% | 12\% | 9\% | 9\% |

## Weighted and Unweighted Sample (1/2)

The table below presents the Canadian geographic distribution of respondents before weighting.

|  | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Province | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ |
| British Columbia | 154 | 212 |
| Alberta | 126 | 170 |
| Manitoba/Saskatchewan | 125 | 98 |
| Ontario | 601 | 590 |
| Quebec | 419 | 352 |
| Atlantic | 100 | 103 |

## Weighted and Unweighted Sample (2/2)

The following tables present the demographic distribution of respondents according to gender, age and language (mother tongue) for Canada.

The table below presents the Canadian geographic distribution of respondents before weighting.

|  | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Gender | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ |
| Male | 757 | $\mathbf{7 4 4}$ |
| Female | 768 | $\mathbf{7 8 1}$ |
| Age | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ |
| 18 to 34 | 371 | 407 |
| 35 to 54 | 532 | 491 |
| 55+ | 622 | 628 |
| Language (Mother tongue) | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ |
| English | 971 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 8}$ |
| French | 365 | 301 |
| Other | 188 | 185 |

## Leger

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- Leger

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- Leger Opinion (LEO) Panel management
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## 600 EMPLOYEES

 185

CONSULTANTS


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## Leger

## Our Commitments to Quality

CANADIAN RESEARCH INSIGHTS COUNCIL
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Leger is a member of the Canadian Research Insights Council (CRIC), the industry association for the market/survey/insights research industry.

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