## Le <br> er

 LEGER'S NORTH AMERICAN TRACKERMarch $8^{\text {th }}, 2021$

THE CANADIAN PRESS

## METHODOLOGY

Leger,the largest Canadian-owned polling and marketing research firm, in collaboration with the Canadian press, conducted this Web survey with a representative sample of 1,532 Canadians and 1,002 Americans, over the age of 18, selected from LEO's (Leger Opinion) representative panel. The questionnaire consisted of 25 questions and was completed in 10 minutes on average. Data collection took place from February $26^{\text {th }}, 2021$ to February 28 ${ }^{\text {th }}$, 2021, via Computer-Assisted Web Interviewing technology (CAWI). Using 2016 Census reference variables, the Canadian data was then analyzed and weighted by our statisticians according to gender, age, mother tongue, region, education level and the presence of children in households in order to render a representative sample of the general population. Using 2010 U.S. Census reference variables, the American data was then analyzed and weighted by our statisticians according to gender, age, region, race/ethnicity, household size and education level in order to render a representative sample of the general population.

The LEO (Leger Opinion) panel is the largest Canadian panel with over 400,000 representative panelists from all regions of Canada. LEO was created by Leger based on a representative Canadian sample of Canadian citizens with Internet access. LEO's panelists were randomly selected (RDD) through Leger's call centre, panelists from more hard-to-reach target groups were also added to the panel through targeted recruitment campaigns. The double-opt-in selection process, a model to detect fraud and the renewal of $25 \%$ of the panel each year ensures complete respondent quality. To ensure a higher response rate and reach people on their mobile devices, Leger has also developed a highperformance Apple and Android application. In fact, Leger is the only Canadian research firm offering both the number and quality of panelists. Most competing polling firms in Canada and the United States also use the LEO panel.

A margin of error cannot be associated with a non-probability sample in a panel survey. For comparison purposes, a probability sample of this size would have a margin of error $\pm \mathbf{2 . 5 0 \%}, \mathbf{1 9}$ times out of $\mathbf{2 0}$ for the Canadian sample and of $\pm 3.09 \%, 19$ times out of $\mathbf{2 0}$ for the American sample. The results presented in this study comply with the public opinion research standards and disclosure requirements of CRIC (the Canadian Research and Insights Council) and the global ESOMAR network. Leger is a founding member of CRIC and is actively involved in raising quality standards in the survey industry. President Jean-Marc Léger is a member of the CRIC's Board of Directors and the Canadian representative of ESOMAR.
Leger is the polling firm that has presented the most accurate data, on average, over the last ten years in Canada. During the last federal election in 2019, Leger was once again the most accurate firm in the country. This accuracy is attributed to the quality of the LEO panel and rigorous application of methodological rules by Leger's 600 employees, including 200 professionals in Leger's eight offices across Canada (Montreal, Toronto, Quebec City, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver) and in the United States (Philadelphia).

Poll aggregator 338Canada.com gave Leger the highest rating among all polling firms in Canada for the accuracy of its studies. See https://338canada.com/pollster-ratings.htm

| Federal Elections 2019 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Federal | Leger | Official |
| Parties | Survey | Results |
| LPC | $33 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| CPC | $33 \%$ | $34 \%$ |
| NDP | $18 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| BQ | $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| Green | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| PPC | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ |

Leger

## METHODOLOGY

## Notes on Reading this Report

The numbers presented have been rounded. However, the numbers before rounding were used to calculate the sums presented and might therefore not correspond to the manual addition of these numbers.

In this report, data in bold red characters indicate a significantly lower proportion than that of other respondents. Conversely, data in bold green characters indicate a significantly higher proportion that that of other respondents.

A more detailed methodology is presented in the appendix.

If you have questions about the data presented in this report, please contact Christian Bourque, Associate and Executive Vice-Present at the following e-mail address: cbourque@leger360.com or Jack Jedwab, President \& CEO of the Association for Canadian Studies: jack.jedwab@acs-aec.ca


EQUALITY BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN

## OVERALL GENDER EQUALITY IN CANADA

CTC567. Do you think equality between men and women has been achieved in Canada?
Base: All respondents ( $n=1,532$ )


## OVERALL GENDER EQUALITY IN CANADA/ THE UNITED STATES (CANADA VS UNITED STATES)

CTC567. Do you think equality between men and women has been achieved in Canada/the United States?
Base: All respondents

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL CANADA | TOTAL USA | Gap |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 1,002 |  |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 1,002 |  |
| Yes | 30\% | 36\% | 6 |
| No | 63\% | 50\% | 13 |
| Don't know/Prefer not to answer | 7\% | 14\% | 7 |

## EQUALITY BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN IN SPECIFIC FIELDS

CTC568. In Canada, in each of the following fields, do you think that equality between men and women has been definitely, to some extent, not really or not at all achieved?
Base: All respondents ( $n=1,532$ )
\% Achieved (definitely + to some extent) presented


## EQUALITY BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN IN SPECIFIC FIELDS - DETAILS

Lecer

CTC568. In Canada, in each of the following fields, do you think that equality between men and women has been definitely, to some extent, not really or not at all achieved?
Base: All respondents

|  | TOTAL CANADA | Man | Woman | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55+ | Urban | Suburban | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 744 | 788 | 105 | 359 | 588 | 100 | 172 | 208 | 414 | 526 | 592 | 599 | 603 | 308 |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ <br> \% Achieved presented | 1,532 | 783 | 749 | 100 | 406 | 608 | 125 | 132 | 161 | 426 | 611 | 495 | 627 | 595 | 291 |
| At home | 74\% | 80\% | 68\% | 80\% | 74\% | 73\% | 68\% | 79\% | 70\% | 73\% | 74\% | 74\% | 75\% | 72\% | 76\% |
| In social settings | 65\% | 71\% | 58\% | 65\% | 64\% | 67\% | 58\% | 65\% | 62\% | 67\% | 64\% | 64\% | 68\% | 63\% | 64\% |
| In media | 65\% | 73\% | 57\% | 69\% | 71\% | 63\% | 60\% | 71\% | 55\% | 67\% | 63\% | 65\% | 67\% | 62\% | 68\% |
| At work | 59\% | 68\% | 50\% | 57\% | 64\% | 59\% | 59\% | 66\% | 47\% | 65\% | 57\% | 57\% | 61\% | 57\% | 60\% |
| In sciences | 56\% | 64\% | 48\% | 56\% | 59\% | 57\% | 53\% | 58\% | 46\% | 59\% | 53\% | 56\% | 56\% | 55\% | 60\% |
| In politics | 54\% | 64\% | 44\% | 56\% | 62\% | 52\% | 53\% | 46\% | 48\% | 48\% | 50\% | 60\% | 53\% | 52\% | 58\% |
| In sports | 44\% | 48\% | 41\% | 50\% | 47\% | 42\% | 53\% | 47\% | 37\% | 44\% | 42\% | 47\% | 47\% | 40\% | 48\% |

## EQUALITY BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN IN SPECIFIC FIELDS (CANADA VS UNITED STATES)

CTC568. In Canada/the United States, in each of the following fields, do you think that equality between men and women has been definitely, to some extent, not really or not at all achieved?
Base: All respondents

| \% Achieved presented | Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 1,002 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| At home | $74 \%$ | $69 \%$ |  |
| In social settings | $65 \%$ | $62 \%$ | 3 |
| In media | $65 \%$ | $58 \%$ | 7 |
| At work | $59 \%$ | $59 \%$ | - |
| In sciences | $56 \%$ | $56 \%$ | - |
| In politics | $54 \%$ | $55 \%$ | 2 |
| In sports | $44 \%$ | $46 \%$ | 2 |

CTC569. In Canada, do you feel that men earn more for the same job, women earn more for the same job, or both earn about the same for the same job?
Base: All respondents ( $\mathrm{n}=1,532$ )


|  | TOTAL CANADA | Man | Woman | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55+ | Urban | Suburban | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 744 | 788 | 105 | 359 | 588 | 100 | 172 | 208 | 414 | 526 | 592 | 599 | 603 | 308 |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 783 | 749 | 100 | 406 | 608 | 125 | 132 | 161 | 426 | 611 | 495 | 627 | 595 | 291 |
| Men earn more for the same job | 62\% | 49\% | 73\% | 63\% | 62\% | 62\% | 53\% | 60\% | 63\% | 55\% | 60\% | 68\% | 60\% | 66\% | 58\% |
| Women earn more for the same job | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| Both earn about the same for the same job | 30\% | 41\% | 20\% | 28\% | 32\% | 30\% | 30\% | 35\% | 22\% | 32\% | 32\% | 27\% | 31\% | 25\% | 36\% |
| I don't know/I prefer not to answer | 6\% | 7\% | 6\% | 5\% | 5\% | 5\% | 15\% | 5\% | 12\% | 9\% | 7\% | 5\% | 7\% | 5\% | 5\% |

## EQUAL PAY (CANADA VS UNITED STATES)

CTC569. In Canada/the United States, do you feel that men earn more for the same job, women earn more for the same job, or both earn about the same for the same job?
Base: All respondents

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL CANADA | TOTAL USA | Gap |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ <br> Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 1,002 |  |
|  | 1,532 | 1,002 |  |
| Men earn more for the same job | 62\% | 55\% | 7 |
| Women earn more for the same job | 2\% | 3\% | 1 |
| Both earn about the same for the same job | 30\% | 29\% | 1 |
| I don't know/I prefer not to answer | 6\% | 12\% | 6 |

## QUOTAS ON BOARDS OF DIRECTORS

CTC570. To achieve gender equality, should public organizations in Canada implement a quota to ensure a minimum number of women on their boards of directors?
Base: All respondents ( $\mathrm{n}=1,532$ )


No

16\%


Don't know/Prefer not to answer

Don't know/Prefer not to answer

| TOTAL <br> CANADA | Man | Woman | ATL | QC | ON | MB/SK | AB | BC | $18-34$ | $35-54$ | $55+$ | Urban | Sub- <br> urban | Rural |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $=1,532$ | 744 | 788 | 105 | 359 | 588 | 100 | 172 | 208 | 414 | 526 | 592 | 599 | 603 | 308 |
| 1,532 | 783 | 749 | 100 | 406 | 608 | 125 | 132 | 161 | 426 | 611 | 495 | 627 | 595 | 291 |
| $46 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $46 \%$ |
| $38 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $38 \%$ |
| $16 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $16 \%$ |

## QUOTAS ON BOARDS OF DIRECTORS

 (CANADA VS UNITED STATES)CTC570. To achieve gender equality, should public organizations in Canada/the United States implement a quota to ensure a minimum number of women on their boards of directors?
Base: All respondents

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL CANADA | TOTAL USA | Gap |
| Weighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 1,002 |  |
| Unweighted $\mathrm{n}=$ | 1,532 | 1,002 |  |
| Yes | 46\% | 36\% | 10 |
| No | 38\% | 40\% | 2 |
| Don't know/Prefer not to answer | 16\% | 24\% | 8 |

## WOULD YOU LIKE TO SURVEY CANADIANS AND/OR AMERICANS?

Add your question(s) to our weekly Omnibus to survey the population


APPENDIX

## DETAILED METHODOLOGY

## Weighted and Unweighted Sample

The table below presents the Canadian geographic distribution of respondents before weighting.

| Province | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| British Columbia | 161 | 208 |
| Alberta | 132 | 172 |
| Manitoba/Saskatchewan | 125 | 100 |
| Ontario | 608 | 588 |
| Quebec | 406 | 359 |
| Atlantic | 105 | 100 |

The table below presents the American geographic distribution of respondents before weighting.

| US region | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| NorthEast | 190 | 179 |
| MidWest | 223 | 217 |
| South | 322 | 372 |
| West | 267 | 233 |

## DETAILED METHODOLOGY

## Weighted and Unweighted Sample for Canada

The following tables present the demographic distribution of respondents according to gender, age and language (mother tongue) for Canada.

| GENDER | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 783 | 744 |
| Female | 749 | 788 |


| AGE | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Between 18 and 34 | 426 | 414 |
| Between 35 and 54 | 611 | 526 |
| 55 or over | 495 | 592 |


| LANGUAGE (MOTHER | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| TONGUE) | 1,016 | 959 |
| English | 362 | 319 |
| French | 197 | 210 |
| Other |  |  |

The sample thus collected has a minimum weighting factor of 0.1931 and a maximum weighting factor of 4.0470 . The weighted variance is 0.3108 .

## DETAILED METHODOLOGY

Weighted and Unweighted Sample for The United States

The following tables present the demographic distribution of respondents according to gender and age for The United States.

| GENDER | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 501 | 486 |
| Female | 501 | 516 |


| AGE | Unweighted | Weighted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Between 18 and 29 | 125 | 220 |
| Between 30 and 39 | 204 | 172 |
| Between 40 and 49 | 189 | 186 |
| Between 50 and 64 | 283 | 250 |
| 65 or older | 201 | 172 |

The sample thus collected has a minimum weighting factor of 0.2331 and a maximum weighting factor of 4.6634 . The weighted variance is 0.5392 .

## OUR CREDENTIALS

Leger is a member of ESOMAR (European Society for Opinion and Market Research), the global association of opinion polls and marketing research professionals. As such, Leger is committed to applying the international ICC/ESOMAR code of Market, Opinion and Social Research and Data Analytics.

Leger is also a member of the Insights Association, the American Association Association of Marketing Research Analytics.

## OUR SERVICES

- Leger

Marketing research and polling

- Leger Metrics

Real-time VOC satisfaction measurement

- Leger Analytics

Data modeling and analysis

- Legerweb

Panel management

- Leger Communities

Online community management

- Leger Digital

Digital strategy and user experience

- International Research

Worldwide Independent Network (WIN)

## 600

EMPLOYEES
CONSULTANTS


CALGARY | EDMONTON \| MONTREAL | PHILADELPHIA QUEBEC CITY | TORONTO | VANCOUVER | WINNIPEG

