



Report

Canadians' Views on Immigration, the Government's Deficit, and Federal Employees Going Back to the Office

Survey of Canadians

March 2, 2026



Methodology

This week, we surveyed Canadians on their views on immigration policies, the government deficits, and federal employees going back to the office.

Method

Online survey among respondents 18 years of age or older.
(Canadian sample: **n= 1,627**)

Respondents had the option of completing the survey in French and English and were randomly recruited using LEO's online panel.

Weighting

Results were weighted according to **age, gender, mother tongue, region, education and presence of children in the household** in order to ensure a representative sample of the Canadian population.

When

Data collection from **February 27 to March 2, 2026**.

Margin of error

For comparison purposes, a probability sample of this size yields a margin of error no greater than **±2.43%**, (19 times out of 20) for the sample.

Significant differences

Data in bold **red** characters indicate a significantly lower proportion than that of other respondents. Conversely, data in bold **green** characters indicate a significantly higher proportion than that of other respondents.

Rounded data

The numbers presented have been rounded up. However, the numbers before rounding were used to calculate the sums presented and might therefore not correspond to the manual addition of these numbers.

Questions

Have questions about the data presented in this report? Please contact one of the following people:

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Notes

A more detailed methodology is presented in the Appendix.

The **Most Accurate** Polling Firm in Canada

CANADA 2025

LEGER POLL
Published on
April 26, 2025

OFFICIALS RESULTS
2025 Canada
Federal Election

	43%	43.7%
	39%	41.3%
	8%	6.3%
	6%	6.3%
	2%	1.2%

BRITISH COLUMBIA 2024

LEGER POLL
Published on
October 18, 2024

OFFICIALS RESULTS
2024 British Columbia
Provincial Election

	46%	45%
	42%	43%
	9%	8%
Others	3%	4%

UNITED STATES 2024

LEGER POLL
Published on
November 4, 2024

OFFICIALS RESULTS
2024 United States
Presidential Election

	49%	50%
	49%	48%
Others	2%	2%

Key Highlights

Some of **the key highlights** of our survey...

Canadians show strong support for stricter immigration related policies, with solid majorities backing measures that would limit or condition temporary residents' and asylum seekers' access to public services:

- **Two thirds of Canadians (65%) say they would support a new policy granting provincial governments greater control over immigration matters within their respective provinces**, while 19% say they would oppose such a policy. Support is significantly higher in Quebec (71%) and among conservative (77%) and Bloc voters (94%).
- **Nearly three quarters of Canadians (72%) say they would support a policy requiring individuals with temporary legal immigration status to live in a province for at least 12 months before becoming eligible for provincially funded social support programs**, while 16% say they would oppose such a measure. Support is significantly higher among conservative voters (83%).
- **Seven Canadians out of ten (69%) say they would support charging a reasonable fee or premium to individuals with temporary immigration status for their use of public health care and education systems**, while roughly one Canadian out of five (19%) would oppose such a measure. Support is significantly higher among conservative voters (82%).
- **Nearly three quarters of Canadians (73%) say they would support ending supplemental healthcare benefits for unapproved asylum seekers**, limiting them to the same health care coverage received by most Canadians, while 15% say they would oppose such a measure. Support is significantly higher among conservative voters (83%).

Canadians express widespread concern about record setting deficits:

- **Seven in ten Canadians (71%) say they are concerned about the fact that many Canadian governments are currently running record setting deficits**, including 31% who are very concerned and 40% who are somewhat concerned.
- **Opinion is fairly divided on who will ultimately bear the responsibility for paying down government debt, with no single group standing out decisively: 29% point to middle class taxpayers, 25% to future generations, 24% to the richest 10% in Canada, and 22% to big corporations.**
- **Canadians are most likely to favour spending restraint over tax increases when it comes to reducing government deficits: 30% support reducing the number of government employees and 30% favour significant reductions to program spending**, while 26% prefer freezing or drastically reducing pay increases for the civil service. Only 14% say raising taxes on individuals and businesses is their preferred approach. Reducing the number of governments employees is preferred by conservative voters (41%).

Key Highlights

Some of **the key highlights** of our survey...

Canadians generally support a return to the office for federal employees:

- **Nearly two thirds of Canadians (65%) say they support requiring federal employees to work in the office at least four days per week.** Support is higher among workers who work at an office (73%) but drops among workers who work primarily from home (44%) or in a hybrid arrangement (49%).
- **Two thirds of Canadians (66%) believe government employees are most efficient and productive when working at the office or workplace,** while 17% say they are most productive working from home and 17% are unsure. Perceptions vary markedly by respondents' own work arrangements: those who work primarily from home are more likely to view home as the most efficient setting (44%), those who work in an office tend to favour the workplace (73%), and individuals in hybrid roles lean more toward home as the environment where employees can be most efficient and productive.

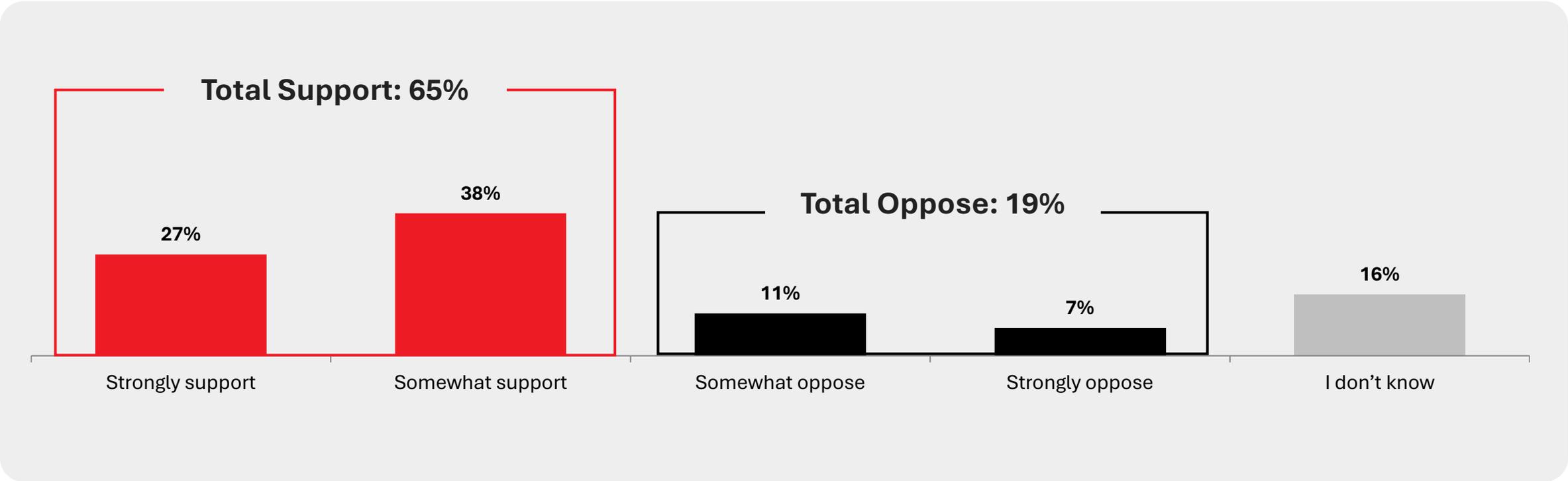
Detailed Results

Views on Immigration Policies

Support for Increased Provincial Control Over Immigration (1/2)

Q1. Would you support or oppose a new policy which would give significantly more control to provincial governments over matters related to immigration to their respective province? These new powers would allow provincial governments to set immigration levels and prioritize specific criteria based on the province’s economic priorities.

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



Support for Increased Provincial Control Over Immigration (2/2)

Q1. Would you support or oppose a new policy which would give significantly more control to provincial governments over matters related to immigration to their respective province? These new powers would allow provincial governments to set immigration levels and prioritize specific criteria based on the province's economic priorities.

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789
TOTAL SUPPORT	65%	70%	71%	63%	64%	63%	58%	67%	62%	63%	63%	67%
Strongly support	27%	27%	37%	22%	20%	34%	22%	30%	24%	18%	28%	32%
Somewhat support	38%	43%	34%	41%	44%	29%	36%	38%	38%	45%	36%	35%
TOTAL OPPOSED	19%	14%	12%	20%	16%	28%	24%	19%	19%	18%	19%	19%
Somewhat oppose	11%	7%	8%	11%	12%	17%	14%	11%	11%	12%	11%	11%
Strongly oppose	7%	6%	4%	9%	4%	11%	9%	7%	8%	6%	8%	8%
I don't know	16%	17%	17%	17%	20%	9%	18%	14%	19%	19%	18%	13%

Support for Increased Provincial Control Over Immigration – *By Voting Intentions*

Q1. Would you support or oppose a new policy which would give significantly more control to provincial governments over matters related to immigration to their respective province? These new powers would allow provincial governments to set immigration levels and prioritize specific criteria based on the province’s economic priorities.

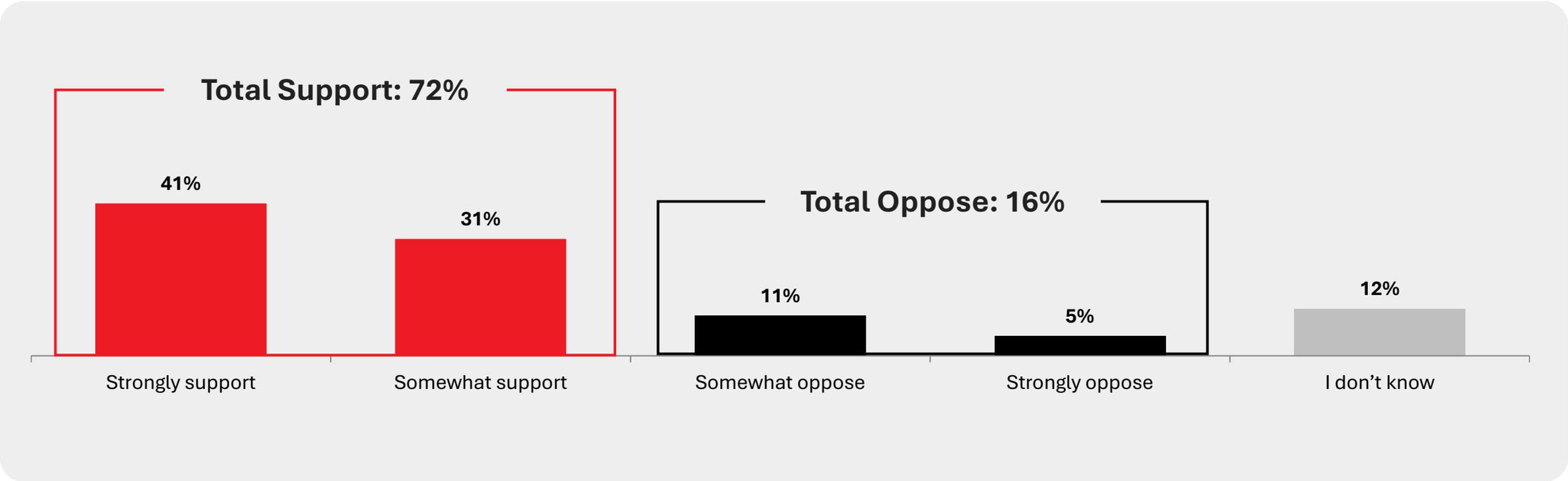
Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
Weighted n=	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
Unweighted n=	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
TOTAL SUPPORT	65%	60%	77%	94%	58%	68%
Strongly support	27%	17%	40%	65%	17%	29%
Somewhat support	38%	43%	38%	29%	41%	39%
TOTAL OPPOSED	19%	26%	12%	5%	29%	16%
Somewhat oppose	11%	14%	9%	4%	15%	7%
Strongly oppose	7%	12%	3%	1%	14%	8%
I don't know	16%	14%	10%	1%	13%	16%

Support for a 12-Month Residency Requirement for Social Support Eligibility (1/2)

Q2. Assuming that Canadian citizens and permanent residents would continue to qualify for social support programs as they do now, would you support or oppose a policy requiring individuals with a temporary legal immigration status to live in a province for at least 12 months before qualifying for provincially funded social support programs?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



Support for a 12-Month Residency Requirement for Social Support Eligibility (2/2)

Q2. Assuming that Canadian citizens and permanent residents would continue to qualify for social support programs as they do now, would you support or oppose a policy requiring individuals with a temporary legal immigration status to live in a province for at least 12 months before qualifying for provincially funded social support programs?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789
TOTAL SUPPORT	72%	72%	71%	74%	68%	69%	70%	73%	70%	66%	69%	77%
Strongly support	41%	43%	40%	40%	37%	47%	37%	43%	38%	31%	41%	47%
Somewhat support	31%	29%	31%	33%	31%	22%	33%	30%	32%	35%	29%	30%
TOTAL OPPOSED	16%	18%	16%	14%	14%	22%	17%	16%	16%	19%	16%	14%
Somewhat oppose	11%	8%	11%	9%	9%	14%	13%	10%	12%	14%	10%	9%
Strongly oppose	5%	10%	5%	5%	4%	7%	4%	6%	5%	5%	6%	5%
I don't know	12%	10%	13%	12%	18%	9%	14%	11%	14%	15%	14%	10%

Support for a 12-Month Residency Requirement for Social Support Eligibility – *By Voting Intentions*

Q2. Assuming that Canadian citizens and permanent residents would continue to qualify for social support programs as they do now, would you support or oppose a policy requiring individuals with a temporary legal immigration status to live in a province for at least 12 months before qualifying for provincially funded social support programs?

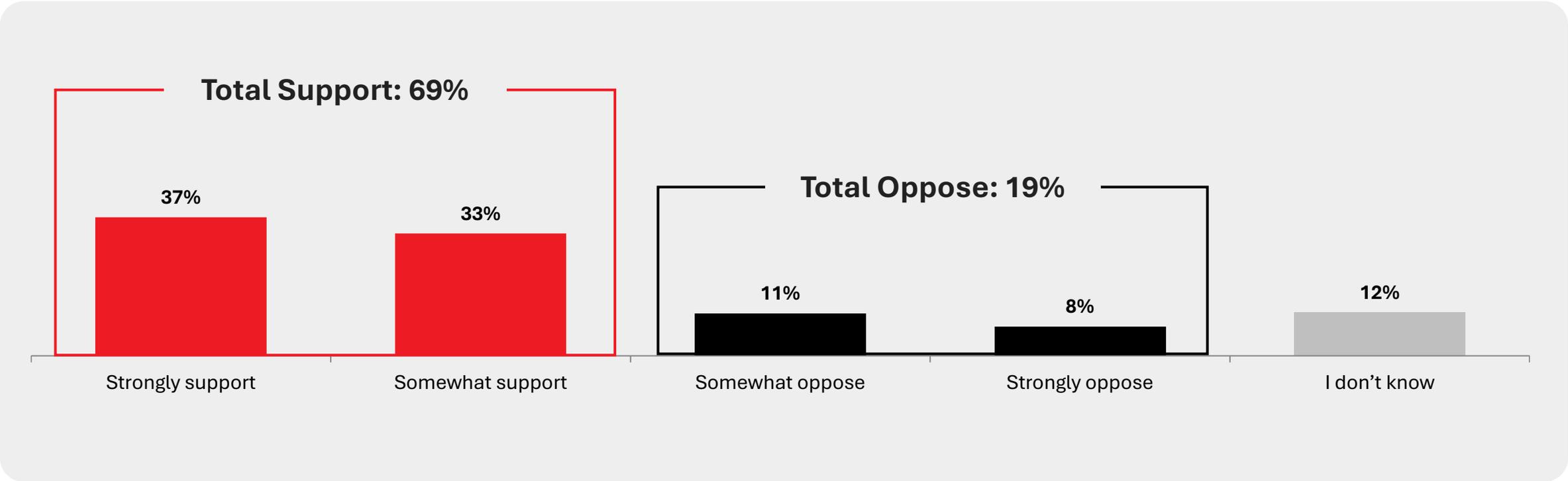
Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
<i>Weighted n=</i>	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
<i>Unweighted n=</i>	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
TOTAL SUPPORT	72%	70%	83%	78%	54%	54%
Strongly support	41%	32%	59%	53%	23%	24%
Somewhat support	31%	39%	24%	25%	31%	30%
TOTAL OPPOSED	16%	19%	10%	17%	31%	33%
Somewhat oppose	11%	13%	6%	12%	16%	22%
Strongly oppose	5%	5%	4%	6%	15%	10%
I don't know	12%	11%	7%	5%	15%	14%

Support for Charging Fees to Temporary Residents for Public Services (1/2)

Q3. Assuming that Canadian citizens and permanent residents would continue to qualify for public health care and education as they do now, would you support or oppose charging a reasonable fee or premium to individuals with a temporary immigration status for their and their family's use of public health care and education systems?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



Support for Charging Fees to Temporary Residents for Public Services (2/2)

Q3. Assuming that Canadian citizens and permanent residents would continue to qualify for public health care and education as they do now, would you support or oppose charging a reasonable fee or premium to individuals with a temporary immigration status for their and their family's use of public health care and education systems?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789
TOTAL SUPPORT	69%	67%	66%	69%	68%	74%	75%	71%	68%	63%	68%	74%
Strongly support	37%	38%	32%	36%	30%	43%	45%	38%	36%	30%	37%	41%
Somewhat support	33%	28%	34%	33%	38%	30%	30%	33%	32%	33%	31%	33%
TOTAL OPPOSED	19%	23%	19%	21%	16%	20%	14%	18%	20%	22%	20%	17%
Somewhat oppose	11%	8%	13%	13%	9%	11%	7%	11%	12%	14%	12%	9%
Strongly oppose	8%	15%	6%	8%	7%	9%	6%	7%	8%	8%	8%	8%
I don't know	12%	10%	15%	11%	16%	7%	11%	11%	12%	15%	12%	9%

Support for Charging Fees to Temporary Residents for Public Services – *By Voting Intentions*

Q3. Assuming that Canadian citizens and permanent residents would continue to qualify for public health care and education as they do now, would you support or oppose charging a reasonable fee or premium to individuals with a temporary immigration status for their and their family’s use of public health care and education systems?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

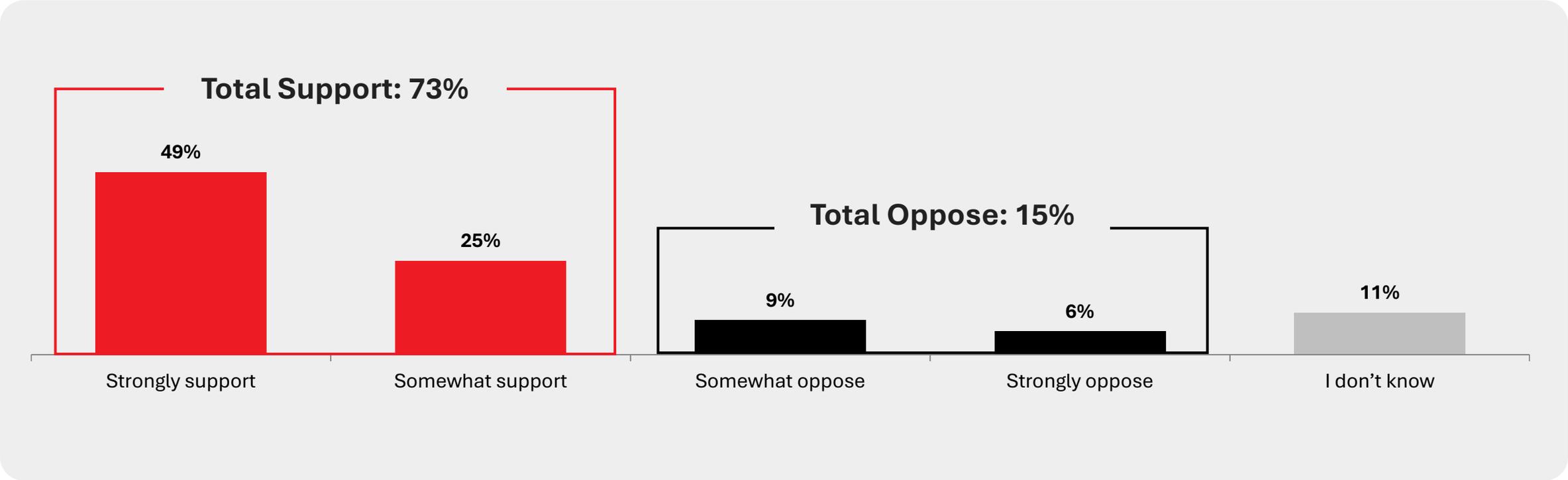
						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
Weighted n=	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
Unweighted n=	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
TOTAL SUPPORT	69%	69%	82%	79%	52%	38%
Strongly support	37%	30%	55%	45%	18%	21%
Somewhat support	33%	40%	27%	33%	34%	17%
TOTAL OPPOSED	19%	20%	12%	18%	36%	50%
Somewhat oppose	11%	12%	8%	10%	15%	35%
Strongly oppose	8%	8%	4%	8%	21%	15%
I don't know	12%	11%	6%	4%	12%	13%

Support for Ending Supplemental Healthcare Benefits for Asylum Seekers (1/2)

Q4. The federal government currently provides asylum seekers whose status is under review or being appealed with publicly funded supplemental healthcare benefits not available to many Canadians, such as, psychologists, occupational therapists, hearing aids and home care, costing over \$1 billion per year according to the Parliamentary Budget Office.

Would you support ending the supplemental benefits for unapproved asylum seekers, giving them only the same health care benefits that most Canadians receive?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



Support for Ending Supplemental Healthcare Benefits for Asylum Seekers (2/2)

Q4. The federal government currently provides asylum seekers whose status is under review or being appealed with publicly funded supplemental healthcare benefits not available to many Canadians, such as, psychologists, occupational therapists, hearing aids and home care, costing over \$1 billion per year according to the Parliamentary Budget Office.

Would you support ending the supplemental benefits for unapproved asylum seekers, giving them only the same health care benefits that most Canadians receive?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789
TOTAL SUPPORT	73%	72%	71%	75%	70%	75%	76%	73%	74%	63%	72%	81%
Strongly support	49%	52%	50%	45%	41%	55%	53%	46%	51%	31%	48%	61%
Somewhat support	25%	20%	21%	29%	30%	20%	23%	27%	23%	33%	24%	21%
TOTAL OPPOSED	15%	18%	17%	15%	14%	13%	15%	17%	14%	21%	15%	12%
Somewhat oppose	9%	10%	9%	10%	4%	8%	10%	9%	9%	13%	9%	7%
Strongly oppose	6%	8%	8%	5%	10%	6%	5%	8%	5%	8%	5%	6%
I don't know	11%	10%	13%	10%	15%	12%	9%	10%	12%	15%	14%	6%

Support for Ending Supplemental Healthcare Benefits for Asylum Seekers – *By Voting Intentions*

Q4. The federal government currently provides asylum seekers whose status is under review or being appealed with publicly funded supplemental healthcare benefits not available to many Canadians, such as, psychologists, occupational therapists, hearing aids and home care, costing over \$1 billion per year according to the Parliamentary Budget Office.

Would you support ending the supplemental benefits for unapproved asylum seekers, giving them only the same health care benefits that most Canadians receive?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
Weighted n=	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
Unweighted n=	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
TOTAL SUPPORT	73%	71%	83%	79%	61%	70%
Strongly support	49%	41%	65%	65%	34%	30%
Somewhat support	25%	31%	18%	14%	28%	40%
TOTAL OPPOSED	15%	19%	12%	17%	21%	17%
Somewhat oppose	9%	12%	7%	10%	7%	8%
Strongly oppose	6%	7%	5%	7%	15%	8%
I don't know	11%	10%	5%	3%	17%	13%

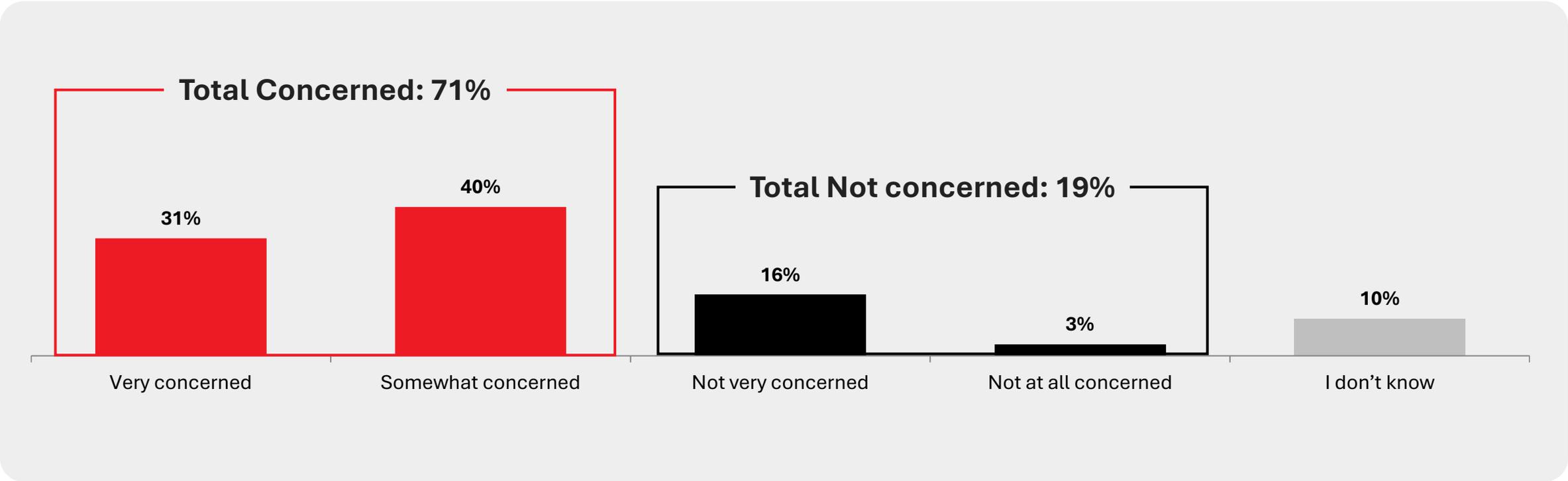
Detailed Results

Views on the Government's Deficit

Level of Concern About Government Deficits (1/2)

Q5. Several provinces recently have joined the federal government in tabling record setting deficits—at a time when Canada’s economy is under pressure from US trade tariffs. Does the fact that many Canadian governments are currently running deficits concern or not concern you?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



Level of Concern About Government Deficits (2/2)

Q5. Several provinces recently have joined the federal government in tabling record setting deficits—at a time when Canada’s economy is under pressure from US trade tariffs. Does the fact that many Canadian governments are currently running deficits concern or not concern you?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789
TOTAL CONCERNED	71%	65%	72%	73%	60%	74%	70%	71%	71%	62%	71%	76%
Very concerned	31%	26%	31%	31%	20%	35%	37%	33%	30%	24%	31%	37%
Somewhat concerned	40%	39%	41%	42%	39%	39%	33%	39%	40%	38%	41%	40%
TOTAL NOT CONCERNED	19%	24%	19%	17%	26%	17%	22%	21%	18%	20%	20%	18%
Not very concerned	16%	19%	16%	15%	23%	14%	17%	17%	16%	17%	17%	15%
Not at all concerned	3%	4%	3%	2%	3%	4%	6%	4%	2%	3%	3%	3%
I don't know	10%	12%	9%	10%	15%	8%	8%	8%	12%	18%	9%	6%

Level of Concern About Government Deficits – *By Voting Intentions*

Q5. Several provinces recently have joined the federal government in tabling record setting deficits—at a time when Canada’s economy is under pressure from US trade tariffs. Does the fact that many Canadian governments are currently running deficits concern or not concern you?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
Weighted n=	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
Unweighted n=	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
TOTAL CONCERNED	71%	68%	84%	83%	54%	60%
Very concerned	31%	21%	52%	40%	16%	24%
Somewhat concerned	40%	46%	32%	43%	38%	36%
TOTAL NOT CONCERNED	19%	26%	10%	13%	33%	38%
Not very concerned	16%	22%	9%	11%	29%	23%
Not at all concerned	3%	4%	1%	2%	4%	15%
I don't know	10%	6%	6%	4%	13%	2%

Perceived Responsibility for Paying Down Government Debt

Q6. In the long run, when it comes to paying down the debt that results from governments running deficits, who do you feel will be most responsible for this?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789
Middle class taxpayers	29%	37%	32%	27%	21%	37%	22%	28%	30%	22%	35%	28%
Future generations of taxpayers	25%	25%	27%	25%	24%	24%	26%	27%	24%	21%	23%	30%
The richest 10% in Canada	24%	26%	24%	25%	29%	18%	24%	24%	24%	27%	22%	24%
Big Corporations	22%	12%	17%	23%	26%	21%	28%	20%	23%	30%	19%	18%

Perceived Responsibility for Paying Down Government Debt – *By Voting Intentions*

Q6. In the long run, when it comes to paying down the debt that results from governments running deficits, who do you feel will be most responsible for this?

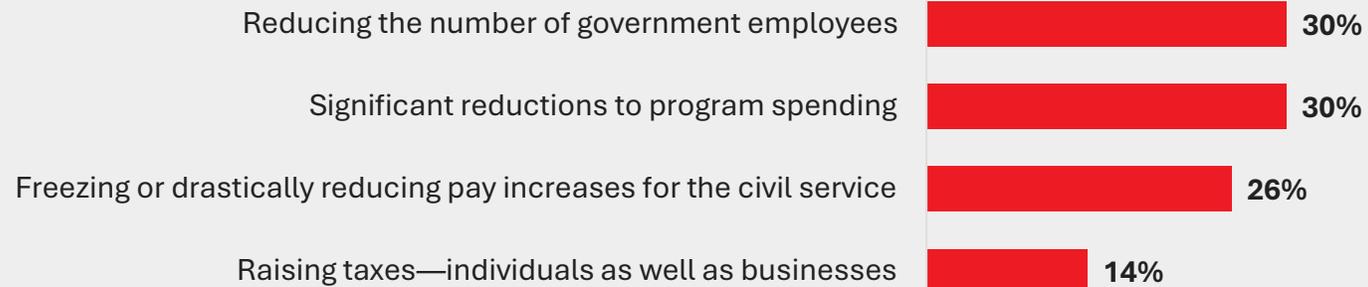
Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
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<i>Weighted n=</i>	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
<i>Unweighted n=</i>	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
Middle class taxpayers	29%	25%	34%	27%	30%	27%
Future generations of taxpayers	25%	27%	25%	28%	20%	11%
The richest 10% in Canada	24%	27%	20%	28%	26%	36%
Big Corporations	22%	21%	22%	18%	25%	27%

Preferred Approaches to Reducing Government Deficits

Q7. Which of the following approaches do you most support when it comes to reducing government deficits and getting back closer to balanced budgets?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+
<i>Weighted n=</i>	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676
<i>Unweighted n=</i>	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789
Reducing the number of government employees	30%	31%	24%	30%	32%	35%	36%	30%	30%	29%	31%	31%
Significant reductions to program spending	30%	27%	35%	30%	33%	33%	22%	34%	26%	37%	32%	25%
Freezing or drastically reducing pay increases for the civil service	26%	25%	31%	26%	22%	16%	25%	21%	30%	19%	25%	31%
Raising taxes—individuals as well as businesses	14%	16%	9%	14%	13%	16%	17%	14%	13%	15%	13%	13%

Preferred Approaches to Reducing Government Deficits

Q7. Which of the following approaches do you most support when it comes to reducing government deficits and getting back closer to balanced budgets?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
<i>Weighted n=</i>	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
<i>Unweighted n=</i>	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
Reducing the number of government employees	30%	24%	41%	19%	18%	34%
Significant reductions to program spending	30%	29%	33%	35%	22%	17%
Freezing or drastically reducing pay increases for the civil service	26%	25%	23%	39%	23%	16%
Raising taxes—individuals as well as businesses	14%	21%	3%	7%	37%	32%

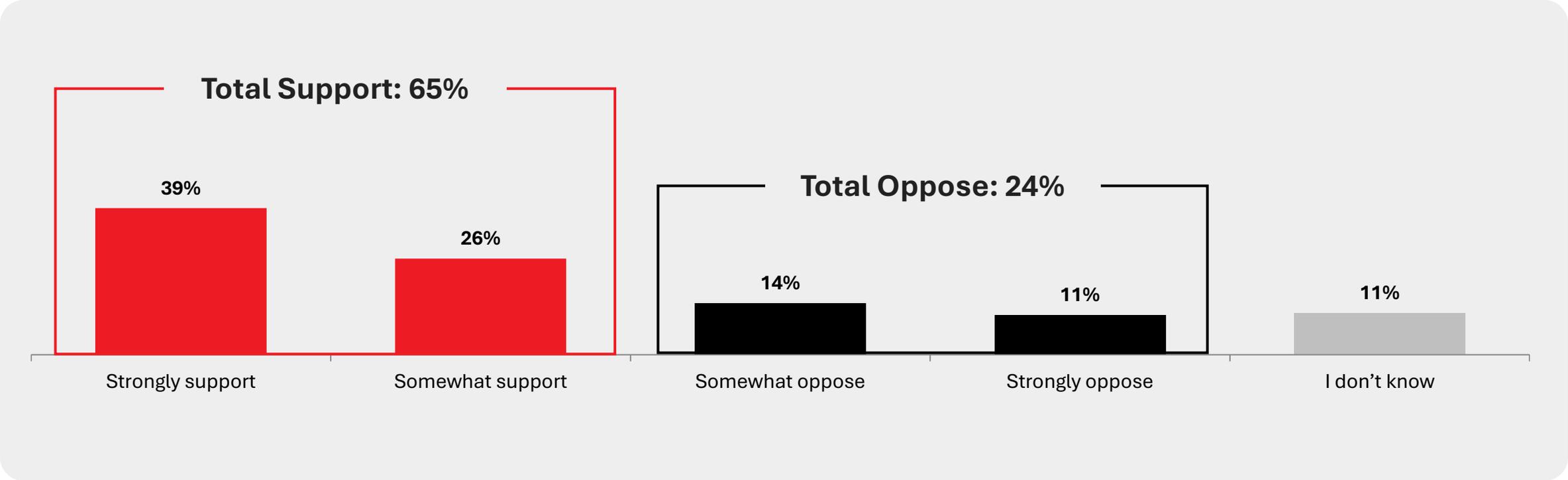
Detailed Results

Federal Employees Going Back to the Office

Support for a Four-Day In-Office Requirement for Federal Employees (1/2)

Q8. The federal government has mandated that all federal civil servants should return to the office workplace a minimum of 4 days a week. This represents an increase from the current requirement of 3 days a week in the workplace. Federal employee unions are opposing this move. Do you support or oppose having federal employees working in the office at least 4 days per week?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



Support for a Four-Day In-Office Requirement for Federal Employees (2/2)

Q8. The federal government has mandated that all federal civil servants should return to the office workplace a minimum of 4 days a week. This represents an increase from the current requirement of 3 days a week in the workplace. Federal employee unions are opposing this move. Do you support or oppose having federal employees working in the office at least 4 days per week?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+	Public sector workers	Private sector workers	Work from home	Work at the office	Work a combination
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676	359	451	101	495	219
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789	351	440	102	444	249
TOTAL SUPPORT	65%	63%	59%	67%	62%	64%	68%	71%	59%	60%	58%	72%	61%	64%	44%	73%	49%
Strongly support	39%	40%	36%	41%	34%	46%	36%	41%	37%	26%	36%	49%	35%	38%	23%	45%	22%
Somewhat support	26%	22%	24%	27%	28%	18%	32%	30%	22%	34%	22%	23%	26%	27%	20%	28%	27%
TOTAL OPPOSED	24%	26%	29%	23%	20%	22%	23%	19%	29%	23%	31%	20%	27%	27%	39%	18%	43%
Somewhat oppose	14%	10%	15%	13%	13%	16%	13%	11%	16%	14%	16%	12%	13%	16%	22%	11%	19%
Strongly oppose	11%	16%	14%	10%	6%	7%	10%	8%	13%	10%	15%	8%	14%	11%	17%	7%	24%
I don't know	11%	12%	12%	10%	19%	14%	8%	10%	12%	17%	11%	8%	13%	8%	17%	10%	8%

Support for a Four-Day In-Office Requirement for Federal Employees – *By Voting Intentions*

Q8. The federal government has mandated that all federal civil servants should return to the office workplace a minimum of 4 days a week. This represents an increase from the current requirement of 3 days a week in the workplace. Federal employee unions are opposing this move. Do you support or oppose having federal employees working in the office at least 4 days per week?

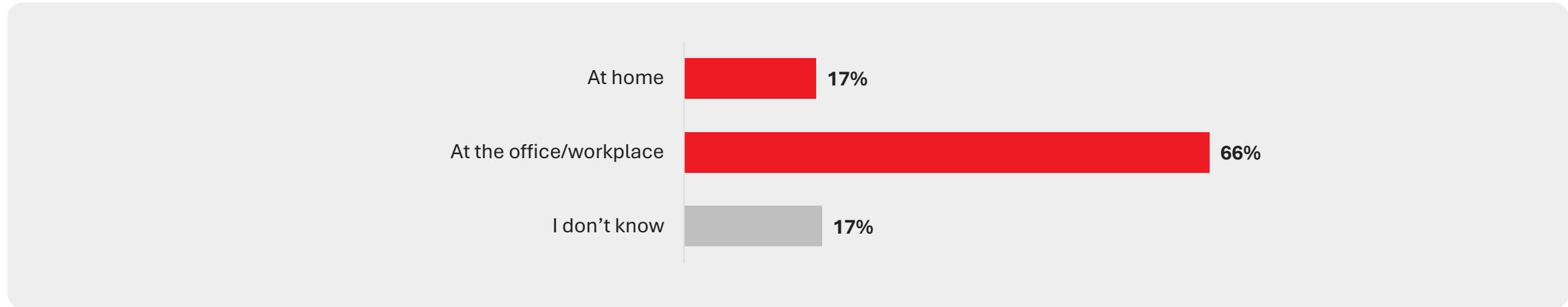
Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
Weighted n=	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
Unweighted n=	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
TOTAL SUPPORT	65%	63%	77%	66%	50%	45%
Strongly support	39%	35%	52%	43%	29%	23%
Somewhat support	26%	27%	26%	23%	21%	22%
TOTAL OPPOSED	24%	29%	15%	31%	39%	42%
Somewhat oppose	14%	16%	10%	17%	15%	17%
Strongly oppose	11%	13%	4%	14%	24%	25%
I don't know	11%	9%	8%	4%	11%	13%

Perceived Most Productive Workplace Environment for Government Employees

Q9. What workplace environment do you feel government employees are most efficient and productive?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)



	Total CANADA	ATL	QC	ON	MB/SK	AB	BC	Male	Female	18-34	35-54	55+	Public sector workers	Private sector workers	Work from home	Work at the office	Work a combination
Weighted n=	1,627	107	372	636	106	180	226	795	832	422	528	676	359	451	101	495	219
Unweighted n=	1,627	118	428	632	144	140	165	848	779	357	481	789	351	440	102	444	249
At home	17%	17%	19%	16%	15%	15%	16%	16%	17%	20%	21%	12%	24%	18%	44%	11%	30%
At the office/workplace	66%	63%	66%	67%	66%	62%	68%	67%	65%	60%	62%	73%	61%	64%	37%	73%	52%
I don't know	17%	20%	15%	17%	19%	23%	16%	16%	18%	20%	18%	15%	15%	18%	19%	16%	18%

Perceived Most Productive Workplace Environment for Government Employees – *By Voting Intentions*

Q9. What workplace environment do you feel government employees are most efficient and productive?

Base: All respondents (n=1,627)

						
	Total Canada	LPC	CPC	BQ	NDP	GPC
Weighted n=	1,627	704	502	78	64	49
Unweighted n=	1,627	786	401	93	92	39
At home	17%	19%	12%	20%	30%	31%
At the office/workplace	66%	63%	77%	65%	43%	46%
I don't know	17%	17%	11%	15%	27%	23%

Respondent Profile

Respondent profiles

(Base n=1,627)

The table below presents the Canadian distribution of respondents before weighting.

Gender

	Unweighted	Weighted
Male	848	795
Female	779	832

Language (Mother Tongue)

	Unweighted	Weighted
French	384	319
English	1 097	1 175
Other	145	132

Age

	Unweighted	Weighted
18 to 34	357	422
35 to 54	481	422
55+	789	676

Province

	Unweighted	Weighted
British Columbia	165	226
Alberta	140	180
Manitoba/Saskatchewan	144	106
Ontario	632	636
Quebec	428	372
Atlantic	118	107

Our Credentials



Canada

Leger is a member of the [Canadian Research Insights Council \(CRIC\)](#), the industry association for the market/survey/insights research industry.



Europe

Leger is a member of [ESOMAR](#) (European Society for Opinion and Market Research), the global association of opinion polls and marketing research professionals.



America

Leger is also a member of the [Insights Association](#), the American Association of Marketing Research Analytics.



International

Leger is a member of the [Worldwide Independent Network of Market Research \(WIN\)](#), a global alliance of leading independent market research and polling firms that collaborate to share expertise, methodologies, and insights across diverse markets.

Our services

Leger

Marketing research and polling

Customer Experience (CX)

Strategic and operational customer experience consulting services

Leger Analytics (LEA)

Data modelling and analysis

Leger Opinion (LEO)

Panel management

Leger Communities

Online community management

Leger Digital

Digital strategy and user experience

International Research

Worldwide Independent Network (WIN)

300
employees

185
consultants

8
offices

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EDMONTON | CALGARY |
VANCOUVER | NEW YORK

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